(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

Financial Statements and Required Reports under Uniform Guidance as of August 31, 2022 Together with Independent Auditor's Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Bonadio & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

March 16, 2023

To the Board of Trustees of Suffolk County Community College:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Suffolk County Community College (College) (a discretely presented component unit of Suffolk County, New York), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Suffolk County Community College, as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Correction of an Error

As described in Note 13, the College restated the prior year federal revenue and unearned revenue. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2022, the College adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 - *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified in respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

(Continued)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the College's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in total OPEB Liability and related ratios, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) and schedule of contributions – pension plan to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the schedules required by NYS Education Department but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 16, 2023 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The management of Suffolk County Community College (the College) offers the readers of these statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the College for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the related notes that follow.

Within this section, the results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current audited year.

Overview of Financial Statements

The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the College's financial operations. The College's annual financial report is comprised of the financial statements (Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows), and the Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information.

The College reports its activity as a business type activity using the full accrual measurement focus and basis of accounting. The College is a component unit of the County of Suffolk. Therefore, the results of the College's operations, its net position, and cash flows are also summarized in the County's government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the College is improving or declining.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position present the changes in the College's financial position for the fiscal year. Because the College uses an accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are recorded when incurred and revenues when earned and measurable, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement include items that will result in cash received or disbursed in future fiscal periods (e.g., accounts receivable for the receipt of amounts due from students and others for services already rendered or an accrued liability for the future payment of compensated absences).

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information on the major sources and uses of cash during the year and is reported on the direct method. The direct method of cash flow reporting portrays net cash from operating, investing, capital and related financing activities, and noncapital financing activities.

The Notes to the Financial Statements and required supplemental information provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As of August 31, 2022, the College's net position, excluding its liability for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (GASB 75) and net pension liabilities (assets) and deferred inflows and outflows of resources from pensions, totaled \$232,917,153. This is an increase from August 31, 2021, when the College had a net position of \$226,812,564 net of the GASB 75 and GASB 68 amounts. This increase is primarily a result of austerity measures implemented due to COVID-19 and the recapture of lost revenue from the Federal Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF III); American Rescue Plan (ARP).

Operating revenues decreased between 2021 and 2022 by 20.5% to \$86,531,450 million due primarily to declines in enrollment. This was offset in part by an increase in non-operating revenue from the State and Local sponsor support. Expenses showed a decrease of 8.8%.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the College at the end of the fiscal year, August 31, 2022. During the fiscal year, the College's total assets decreased by \$14.3 million primarily due to a decrease in the net pension asset.

The College's total liabilities decreased by \$164.4 million due primarily to decreases in accounts payable, net pension liability and other postemployment liabilities.

The decrease in net position at August 31, 2022 was \$18.2 million. This decrease was predominantly due to the effects of GASB 68 and 75 activity and the implementation of GASB 87 noted at the change in accounting principle described in note 14.

The table below reflects the financial position at August 31, 2022 and 2021.

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and other assets	\$ 100,900,963	\$ 110,209,459	\$ (9,308,496)	-8.4%
Net pension asset	9,992,582	27,428,586	(17,436,004)	-63.6%
Capital assets, net	225,136,754	212,731,008	12,405,746	5.8%
Total assets	336,030,299	350,369,053	(14,338,754)	-4.1%
Deferred outflows of resources				
Pension related	35,458,634	44,000,758	(8,542,124)	-19.4%
OPEB related	95,140,893	135,774,414	(40,633,521)	-29.9%
Total deferred outflows of resources	130,599,527	179,775,172	(49,175,645)	-27.4%
Current liabilities	55,153,380	62,965,367	(7,811,987)	-12.4%
Long-term liabilities	542,366,281	698,963,808	(156,597,527)	-22.4%
Total liabilities	597,519,661	761,929,175	(164,409,514)	-21.6%
Deferred inflows of resources				
Lease Related	877,224	-	877,224	100.0%
Pension related	37,068,566	71,173,263	(34,104,697)	-47.9%
OPEB related	175,492,333	22,271,511	153,220,822	688.0%
Deferred amounts on NYS TAP	2,158,735	3,088,463	(929,728)	-30.1%
Total deferred inflows of resources	215,596,858	96,533,237	119,063,621	123.3%
Net position:				
Investment in capital assets	220,023,399	212,731,008	7,292,391	3.4%
Unrestricted	(566,510,092)	(541,049,195)	(25,460,897)	4.7%
Total net position	\$ (346,486,693)	\$ (328,318,187)	\$ (18,168,506)	5.5%

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Current Assets

Current assets are those assets that are available to satisfy current obligations and primarily consists of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The current year's decrease is primarily attributed to the timing of payments from the county sponsor at year-end.

Capital Assets (net)

A summary of capital assets and related accumulated depreciation compared to prior year follows:

<u>Category</u>	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021	Dollar Change	Percent Change
		(restated)		
Capital Assets:				
Land and improvements	\$ 4,948,118	\$ 4,948,118	\$-	0.0%
Construction in progress	16,211,306	3,832,333	12,378,973	323.0%
Buildings and land improvements	317,114,107	316,119,744	994,363	0.3%
Furniture and equipment	31,762,541	31,149,860	612,681	2.0%
Infrastructure	23,082,085	22,736,878	345,207	1.5%
Leases	7,037,041	8,936,008	(1,898,967)	-21.3%
Total	400,155,198	387,722,941	12,432,257	3.2%
Less: accumulated depreciation	(175,018,444)	(166,055,925)	(8,962,519)	5.4%
Net capital assets	\$225,136,754	\$221,667,016	\$ 3,469,738	1.6%

Capital Assets (net)

Capital assets showed an increase of 1.6% over the previous year. The College continues to be dedicated to updating its facilities and maintaining and improving buildings and infrastructure on all three (3) campuses. as well as the construction of the STEM building on the Michael J. Grant campus. Additional information on the College's capital assets can be found in the Notes of the Financial Statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is defined as the use of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The College reports these resources based on actuarial calculations provided by NYSTRS and NYSLRS (GASB 68) and the change in OPEB (GASB 75). Additional information about these deferred outflows is available in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Current Liabilities

Current liabilities decreased by approximately \$7.8 million, or 12.4% compared to previous year. Current liabilities are those liabilities that will be paid within one year and consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, amounts due to other governments, and unearned revenues. The decrease is primarily related to the timing of payments at year-end.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Non-Current Liabilities

Non-current liabilities decreased approximately \$156.6 million, or 22.4%, compared to previous year. Non-current liabilities consist of compensated absences, post-retirement benefits and, lease liabilities. The decrease was mainly due to the change in actuarial valuations for the OPEB (GASB 75), NYSLRS and NYSTRS pension liabilities (GASB 68).

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources are net assets acquired by the College that are applicable to a future reporting period. In 2022, the College had deferred inflows of resources from NYS Tuition Assistance Program (TAP), Leases, the NYSTRS pension fund and the change in OPEB. Additional information about these deferred inflows are available in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents the College's results of operations.

- Total operating revenues for 2021/2022 was \$86,531,450 which consists of tuition and fees, grants (federal, state, local, and non-governmental) and other sources. Total operating revenues showed a decrease of \$22.4 million or 20.5% over the prior year.
- Non-operating revenues totaled \$152,841,203 which includes state and local appropriations and investment income, which is an increase of \$9.2 million or 6.4%.
- As required by GASB 35, state and local appropriations are considered non-operating revenues even though these revenues are at the core of operations for the College and other community colleges in the SUNY system.

Operating expenses decreased \$25.5 million from the previous year. This decrease was mainly driven by decreases in the GASB 68 and OPEB expense. The College continues to maintain one of the lowest General Administrative costs per full time equivalent student in the SUNY community college system.

Revenue Overview

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021	Dollar Change	Percent <u>Change</u>
Tuition and fees, net	\$ 54,578,724	\$ 69,168,761	\$ (14,590,037)	-21.1%
Federal grants and contracts	19,049,538	28,510,498	(9,460,960)	-33.2%
State and local grants/contracts	3,372,827	5,033,887	(1,661,060)	-33.0%
Private gifts, grants and contracts	726,638	594,336	132,302	22.3%
Commission income	422,483	432,318	(9,835)	-2.3%
Rental income	1,556,480	1,012,809	543,671	53.7%
Other operating income	6,824,760	4,144,451	2,680,309	64.7%
Operating revenues	86,531,450	108,897,060	(22,365,610)	-20.5%
Government appropriations:				
State of New York	50,194,484	48,529,117	1,665,367	3.4%
Suffolk County	53,913,743	52,220,241	1,693,502	3.2%
Federal and State Student				
Financial Aid (net)	48,571,475	42,786,653	5,784,822	13.5%
Investment income	161,501	84,618	76,883	90.9%
Non-operating revenues	152,841,203	143,620,629	9,220,574	6.4%
Capital Appropriations	7,177,448	4,902,052	2,275,396	46.4%
Total revenue	\$246,550,101	\$257,419,741	\$ (10,869,640)	-4.2%

Financial Highlights (Continued)

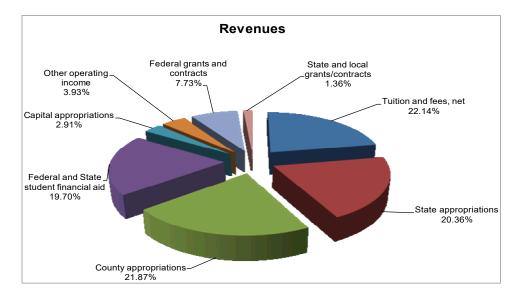
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Operating Revenue

Tuition and Fees:

Tuition and fee revenue (net of the allowance for scholarships provided to students of \$31,674,557), was \$54,578,724 a decrease of \$14.6 million or 21.1% over the previous year; primarily due to declining enrollment and in increase of in the scholarship allowance of \$3.2 million from the prior fiscal year. The College's Full-time equivalents (FTEs) decreased 10.6 % from 14,366 in fiscal year 2021 to 12,849 in fiscal year 2022.

The College's 2021/2022 revenues came from the following sources:



Grant and Contract Revenue:

The College receives a variety of Federal, State, Local and Non-Governmental grants. Total grant and contract revenues totaled \$23,149,003, a 32.2% decrease from the prior fiscal year due to the decrease in lost revenue claimed from the HEERF III-ARP in fiscal year 22.

Non-Operating Revenue

State and County Appropriations:

In addition to student tuition, Community Colleges in New York State are funded through state and county appropriations, which for financial reporting purposes, are classified as non-operating revenue. State appropriations totaled \$48.5 million and \$50.2 million for the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2022, respectively representing an increase of 3.4%. County appropriations totaled \$52.2 million and \$53.9 million for the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2022, respectively. County Sponsor increased appropriations by 3.2%.

Revenue under federal student aid programs increase 13.5% from \$42.8 million in 2021 to \$48.6 million in 2022 as a result of emergency student grants from HEERF III-ARP.

Financial Highlights (Continued)

Expense Overview				
-	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Dollar	Percent
	2022	2021	Change	Change
Operating expenses:				
Instruction	\$116,338,418	\$100,448,018	\$ 15,890,400	15.8%
Academic support (Inc. Library)	21,364,903	24,697,907	(3,333,004)	-13.5%
Student services	27,486,450	31,148,459	(3,662,009)	-11.8%
Plant maintenance	34,578,721	53,811,601	(19,232,880)	-35.7%
General administration	13,033,915	29,224,699	(16,190,784)	-55.4%
Institutional support	20,169,823	24,579,819	(4,409,996)	-17.9%
Student aid and grants				
(net of scholarship allowances)	17,899,688	14,559,891	3,339,797	22.9%
Other	-	-	-	100.0%
Depreciation/Amortization	11,110,321	8,989,690	2,120,631	23.6%
Operating expenses	261,982,239	287,460,084	(25,477,845)	-8.9%
Non operating expenses	147,416	<u> </u>	147,416	100.0%
Total	\$262,129,655	\$287,460,084	\$ (25,330,429)	-8.8%

Operating Expenses

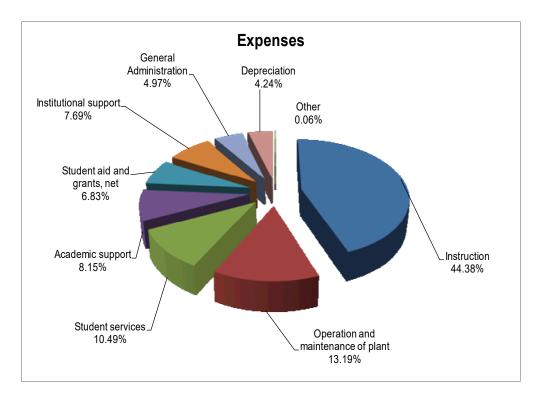
Operating expenses for 2022 were \$261,982,239. Operating expenses include salaries, employee benefits, supplies and equipment and contractual services for the College's entire current operating fund (Instruction, Academic Support, Student Services, General Administration, General Institutional Services, and Maintenance & Operation of Plant), depreciation, and other operating expenses.

Expenses in each of these categories are also affected by an increase or decrease in the OPEB and net pension liabilities calculated according to GASB 75 and GASB 68 respectively. In response to the decrease in tuition and fee revenue due to declining enrollment, the College employed a variety of efforts to control discretionary spending. The cumulative effect of these efforts and changes from the GASB 75/68 activities resulted in a decrease in total expenditures of 8.8% from the prior fiscal year.

Depreciation and amortization expense recognized in the year ended August 31, 2021 and 2022 totaled \$8,989,690 and \$11,110,321 respectively. These are calculated on a straight-line basis according to the historical cost and useful life of each asset, the implementation of GASB 87 resulted in an increase in depreciation/amortization.

Expense Overview (Continued)

The College's 2021/2022 expenses came from the following sources:



Economic Factors that will Affect the Future

The College continues its commitment to providing quality education at an affordable price. The COVID-19 pandemic has made it necessary for the College to develop new strategies to meet the changing needs of students, faculty and staff to fulfill this commitment. Full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment in the 2021-22 academic year was approximately 12,849 students, a decrease of 10.6% from the prior year when FTE was 14,366. New online modalities are being offered to increase student success during this unprecedented time.

The College's revenue stream to support operations and thus, its continued financial viability, is heavily influenced by the level of ongoing state and local sponsor support. Also, the projected decrease in high school graduation rate has the potential to negatively impact the pool of students we attract over the next few years. In addition, and with the expiration of the American Rescue Plan support, the College will need to backfill that financial support for upcoming years. The current economic conditions place significant pressure on the state and county budgets that may affect the level of support available to the College. This underscores the importance of the College's efforts to increase other funding sources and control expenditures whenever possible.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Suffolk County Community College's finances for all those with an interest in the College's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for any additional information should be addressed to:

Mark D. Harris, DBA Vice President for Business and Financial Affairs Suffolk County Community College 533 College Rd. Selden, NY 11784

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS / POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

	Dain	Compor	nent Units	
	Primary Institution	Association	Foundation	Total
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 89,676,640 -	\$ 3,241,262 -	\$	\$ 98,062,945 22,723,176
Student accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$19,123,862	5,038,158	_	_	5,038,158
Other accounts receivable	926,058	30,186	62,155	1,018,399
Inventory	-	2,485	-	2,485
Due from other governments Grants receivable	950,688 3,491,229	-	-	950,688 3,491,229
Security deposits	51,157	-	-	51,157
Lease receivable Accrued interest receivable	554,615 1,244	-	-	554,615 1,244
Other assets	-	-	83,867	83,867
Prepaid expense		9,938	34,765	44,703
Total current assets	100,689,789	3,283,871	28,049,006	132,022,666
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Lease receivable	211,174	-	-	211,174
Net pension asset Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,992,582 225,136,754	- 105,305	-	9,992,582 225,242,059
Total noncurrent assets	235,340,510	105,305		235,445,815
Total assets	336,030,299	3,389,176	28,049,006	367,468,481
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	35,458,634	-	-	35,458,634
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	95,140,893			95,140,893
Total deferred outflows of resources	130,599,527			130,599,527
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	466,629,826	3,389,176	28,049,006	498,068,008
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Current portion of compensated absences Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,313,097 28,685,353	- 210,353	- 201,223	3,313,097 29,096,929
Due to other governments	78,274	-	-	78,274
Unearned revenues	18,931,596	59,622	-	18,991,218
Accrued interest payable Lease liability	88,209 1,912,831	-	-	88,209 1,912,831
Other current liabilities	2,144,020		1,023,855	3,167,875
Total current liabilities	55,153,380	269,975	1,225,078	56,648,433
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Lease liability	5,113,355	-	-	5,113,355
Net pension liability Total other postemployment benefits liability	3,094,628 504,340,428	-	-	3,094,628 504,340,428
Compensated absences	29,817,870	45,948		29,863,818
Total noncurrent liabilities	542,366,281	45,948		542,412,229
Total liabilities	597,519,661	315,923	1,225,078	599,060,662
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	877,224	-	-	877,224
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	37,068,566 175,492,333	-	-	37,068,566 175,492,333
Deferred amounts on NYS TAP	2,158,735			2,158,735
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	215,596,858			215,596,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	813,116,519	315,923	1,225,078	814,657,520
NET ASSETS				
Purpose restriction	-	-	19,373,281	19,373,281
Perpetual in nature	-	-	3,085,399	3,085,399
Without donor restrictions		3,073,253	4,365,248	7,438,501
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	218,110,568 (564,597,261)			218,110,568 (564,597,261)
Total net assets / net position	\$ (346,486,693)	\$ 3,073,253	\$ 26,823,928	\$ (316,589,512)

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS / POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022				
		Compon	ent Units	
	Primary Institution	Association	Foundation	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$31,674,557)	\$ 54,578,724	\$ 2,421,804	\$ -	\$ 57,000,528
Federal grants and contracts	19,049,538	403,469	-	19,453,007
State and County grants and contracts	3,372,827	473,680	-	3,846,507
Private grants and contracts	726,638	-	-	726,638
Commission income	422,483	-	-	422,483
Rental income	1,556,480	-		1,556,480
Other operating revenues	6,824,760	212,980	466,140	7,503,880
Total operating revenues	86,531,450	3,511,933	466,140	90,509,523
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Instruction	116,338,418	-	-	116,338,418
Academic support	21,364,903	-	-	21,364,903
Student services General Administration	27,486,450 13,033,915	- 882,263	- 1,219,340	27,486,450 15,135,518
Institutional support	20,169,823	002,203	1,219,340	20,169,823
Operation and maintenance of plant	34,578,721	-	-	34,578,721
Student aid and grants (net of scholarship	01,010,121			01,010,121
allowances of \$31,674,557)	17,899,688	-	-	17,899,688
Other	-	3,229,667	1,437,494	4,667,161
Depreciation/Amortization	11,110,321	56,108		11,166,429
Total operating expenses	261,982,239	4,168,038	2,656,834	268,807,111
Operating income (loss)	(175,450,789)	(656,105)	(2,190,694)	(178,297,588)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):				
State appropriations	50,194,484	-	-	50,194,484
County appropriations	53,913,743	-	-	53,913,743
Federal and state student financial aid	48,571,475	-	-	48,571,475
Interest and financing expense	(147,416)	-	-	(147,416)
Investment income (loss), net	161,501		<u> </u>	161,501
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses), net	152,693,787			152,693,787
Income (loss) before other revenue, expenses, gains or losses	(22,757,002)	(656,105)	(2,190,694)	(25,603,801)
Capital appropriations	7,177,448			7,177,448
Increase (decrease) in net assets / position	(15,579,554)	(656,105)	(2,190,694)	(18,426,353)
NET ASSETS - beginning of year		3,729,358	29,014,622	32,743,980
NET ASSETS - end of year		<u>\$ 3,073,253</u>	<u>\$ 26,823,928</u>	<u>\$ 29,897,181</u>
NET POSITION - beginning of year, as previously reported	(328,318,187)			(328,318,187)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (NOTE 13)	(2,588,952)			(2,588,952)
NET POSITION - beginning of year, as restated	(330,907,139)			(330,907,139)
NET POSITION - end of year	<u>\$ (346,486,693</u>)			<u>\$ (316,589,512</u>)

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Component Units		
	Primary Institution	Association	Foundation	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Tuition and fees	\$ 84,568,808	\$ 2,428,826	\$-	\$ 86,997,634
Grants and contracts	20,193,285	1,036,261	-	21,229,546
Other cash receipts	8,803,723	212,980	4,628,541	13,645,244
Personal service payments	(122,509,053)	-	-	(122,509,053)
Other than personal service payments	(12,910,319)	-	-	(12,910,319)
Payments for fringe benefits	(62,144,151)	-	-	(62,144,151)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(49,574,245)	-	-	(49,574,245)
Payments for programs		(4,146,566)	(3,427,616)	(7,574,182)
Net cash flow from operating activities	(133,571,952)	(468,499)	1,200,925	(132,839,526)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
State appropriations	50,194,484	-	-	50,194,484
County appropriations	53,913,743	-	-	53,913,743
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	-	-	961,705	961,705
Federal and State student financial aid	48,571,475	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	48,571,475
Net cash flow from noncapital financing activities	152,679,702		961,705	153,641,407
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Capital contribution	7,177,448	-	-	7,177,448
Purchases of capital assets	(23,429,102)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(23,429,102)
Net cash flow from capital and related financing	(16,251,654)	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(16,251,654)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of investments	-	-	(6,887,149)	(6,887,149)
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(9,215)	-	(9,215)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	-	(0,2.0)	6,573,656	6,573,656
Interest and financing expense	(147,416)	-	-,	(147,416)
Interest on investments	161,501	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	161,501
Net cash flow from investing activities	14,085	(9,215)	(313,493)	(308,623)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	2,870,181	(477,714)	1,849,137	4,241,604
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	86,806,459	3,718,976	3,295,906	93,821,341
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 89,676,640	\$ 3,241,262	\$ 5,145,043	\$ 98,062,945

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

(Continued)

		Compon		
	Primary Institution	Association	Foundation	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flow from				
operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (175,450,789)	\$ (656,105)	\$ (2,190,694)	\$ (178,297,588)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
flow from operating activities:				
Depreciation	9,169,903	56,108	-	9,226,011
Amortization	1,940,418	-	-	1,940,418
Bad debt expense	-	-	2,000	2,000
Unrealized and realized loss on investments	-	-	3,275,166	3,275,166
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	-	-	(961,705)	(961,705)
Change in cash surrender value of life insurance	-	-	1,160	1,160
Donated life insurance policy	-	-	(85,027)	(85,027)
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred inflows				
and outflows of resources:	((
Lease receivable	(765,789)	-	-	(765,789)
Accounts receivable	820,141	101,590	-	921,731
Grants receivable	(732,899)	-	-	(732,899)
Prepaid expenses	-	(9,079)	(4,587)	(13,666)
Inventory	-	7,099	-	7,099
Due from other governments	12,492,335	-	-	12,492,335
Other receivables	366,133	-	20,862	386,995
Net pension asset	17,436,004	-	-	17,436,004
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	785,499	(39,154)	195,510	941,855
Due to other governments	(12,938,846)	-	-	(12,938,846)
Unearned revenue	(1,574,886)	57,522	17,240	(1,500,124)
Net pension liability	2,958,573	-	-	2,958,573
Compensated absences	(284,714)	6,498	-	(278,216)
Lease liability	7,026,186	-	-	7,026,186
Other liabilities	1,354,725	7,022	931,000	2,292,747
Deferred outflow of resources - OPEB	40,633,521	-	-	40,633,521
Deferred outflow of resources - pension	8,542,124	-	-	8,542,124
Deferred inflow of resources - pension	(34,104,697)	-	-	(34,104,697)
Deferred amounts on NYS TAP	(929,728)	-	-	(929,728)
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	153,220,822	-	-	153,220,822
Deferred inflows of resources - leases	877,224	-	-	877,224
Other post employment benefits payable	(164,413,212)			(164,413,212)
Net cash flow from operating activities	<u>\$ (133,571,952</u>)	\$ (468,499)	\$ 1,200,925	\$ (132,839,526)

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2022

1. THE ORGANIZATION

Suffolk County Community College (the College) was established in 1959 by the State University of New York and is a component unit of the County of Suffolk (the "County") in the County's financial statements. The operations of the College are funded principally by New York State, Suffolk County, and the College's students.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the College for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit was made by applying the criteria set forth in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A component unit is a legally separate entity that meets any one of the following requirements:

- The primary government appoints the voting majority of the Board of the potential component unit and is able to impose its will on the entity and/or is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the entity.
- The potential component unit is fiscally dependent upon the primary government, or
- The financial statements of the primary government would be misleading if data from the potential component unit were not included.

There are additional criteria to be considered in determining the nature and significance of a relationship with the primary government. These criteria include:

- The economic resources received or held by an organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the College,
- The College is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization, and
- The economic resources received or held by an organization that the College is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the College.

Based on application of these criteria, the College is a component unit of The County of Suffolk and includes the following component units: Suffolk County Community College Foundation, Inc., and Suffolk County Community College Association, Inc.

Within the College's financial statements, it includes the following component units: Suffolk County Community College Foundation, Inc. and, Suffolk County Community College Association, Inc.

Basis of Presentation – primary government

In its accounting and financial reporting, the College follows the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The operations of the College are reported as a special purpose government entity engaged in business-type activities, as defined by GASB Statement No. 35. Business-type activities are those that are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. The financial statements of the College consist of a statement of net position/net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position that distinguishes between operating and non-operating revenues and expenses; and a statement of cash flows, using the direct method of presenting cash flows from operations.

The College's policy for defining operating activities in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are those that generally result from exchange transactions such as the payments received for services and payments made for the purchase of goods and services. Certain other transactions are reported as non-operating activities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 35. Those non-operating activities include the federal and state financial aid and operating and capital apportions from the County and State. The Association and Foundation are private nonprofit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Accounting Standards Codification 958, Accounting for Not-for-Profit Entities.

Basis of Presentation – component units

The College has two component units that are reported within these financial statements.

Suffolk Community College Association, Inc.

The Association is a tax-exempt, nonprofit College operating in Suffolk County, New York and is a component unit of the College. The Association was organized to provide services to students enrolled in the College. The Association is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Suffolk Community College Foundation, Inc.

The Foundation is a tax-exempt, nonprofit College operating in Suffolk County, New York and is a component unit of the College. The Foundation was established on September 22, 1989 by a resolution of the Board of Trustees. At that time, funds were transferred from the Association to the Foundation to comply with the purpose recognized by the Internal Revenue Service. The Foundation was organized to provide scholarships and emergency student loans to students attending the College as well as to promote the College through various activities. The Foundation is exempt from federal and state income taxes under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

All unrestricted revenues are accounted for in unrestricted net assets. Restricted gifts and grants are accounted for in the appropriate temporarily or permanently restricted net assets to which the gift relates.

Separately issued financial statements for the Association and Foundation may be obtained from their offices at 533 College Road, Selden, New York.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the College are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. College resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with maturities of less than three months at the time of purchase.

The College's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The College has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The College is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies and obligations of New York State or its municipalities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the College's name. The College's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at August 31, 2022.

Investments

The Association's investments consist of government securities and Treasury bills and notes valued at cost, which approximates fair market value. The Foundation's investments consist of corporate equities, United States Government and Agency obligations and mutual funds and other investments recorded at fair market value.

Investments (Continued)

The College was invested only in the above-mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate risk.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables are comprised of three major receivable categories: students, governments, and other.

- **Student Receivables** This account includes amounts owed by students primarily for tuition and fees. Delinquent student accounts are written off after eight years. Additionally, the College records a provision for uncollectible accounts receivable each year based on the estimated probability of collection.
- **Government Receivables** The majority of the funds reflected in this account consists of appropriations made at the state and local governmental levels for sponsorships of various academic and other programs and for student aid.
- **Other Receivables** All accounts receivable not identified above are included in this account. This includes private sponsorship of students, academic and other programs, and rental revenues, etc.

Capital Assets

The primary cost of campus facilities is shared equally by the County of Suffolk and the State of New York. Pursuant to New York State Education Law relative to community colleges, title to real property rests in and is held by the local sponsor (County of Suffolk) in trust for the use and purpose of the College. The College has a stewardship responsibility and, as such, all plant asset activity is recorded by the College as capital assets. The College recognizes State appropriation revenue for contributions of capital assets when the capital project is approved, the appropriation is made available and the expenditure is incurred. The College recognizes County appropriation revenue when the County makes debt service payments on related borrowings.

Capital assets, which also include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost of purchase as constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of the donation. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Construction in progress projects includes various major building construction, repair, and rehabilitation projects.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	rears
Buildings and improvements	20 - 50
Furniture and equipment	5 – 8
Infrastructure	30

Capital assets also include lease assets with a term greater than one year. The College does not implement a capitalization threshold for lease assets. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Unearned Revenues

Student revenue, which is received prior to August 31 and is applicable to the subsequent fall semester, is unearned and recognized as revenue in the following year concurrent with the commencement of the fall semester.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The government has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category;

Deferred charges result from pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the plan.

Deferred charges result from differences between expected and actual experience of the plan.

Deferred charges result from net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments of the plan.

These amounts are deferred and amortized and expensed against pension expense in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The College has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category;

The net amount of the College's balances of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position as deferred inflows of resources. This represents the effect of the net change in the College's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and the difference during the measurement period between the College's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

The College reported deferred inflows of resources of \$2,158,735 for NYS TAP aid in the Statement of Net Position. This amount results from the portion of aid that has met all requirements other than the passage of time. After year end at the beginning of the new semester, the aid will have met all requirements and the College will recognize the aid as revenue in the period.

Lease-related amounts are recognized at the inception of the leases in which the College is the lessor. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded in the amount equal to the corresponding lease receivable plus certain additional amounts received from the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term that relate to future periods, less any lease incentives paid to, or on behalf of, the lessee at or before the commencement of the lease term. The inflow of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

Compensated Absences

The College provides vacation leave, sick leave, and other related benefits to substantially all full-time employees. Under the terms of union contracts, College employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination, employees who belong to the Suffolk County Association of Municipal Employees (SCAME) are reimbursed for accumulated vacation time up to the equivalent of 90 working days. Employees who belong to the Faculty Association of Suffolk County Community College (FASCC) are not entitled to vacation time. Members of both SCAME and FASCC are paid for the unused sick leave upon retirement or to their designated beneficiary upon death at the rate of one day to be paid for every two days accumulated, up to a maximum of 180 days paid for 350 days accumulated for FASCC and up to a maximum of 180 days paid for 360 days accumulated for SCAME.

Post-Employment Benefits

In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 9, the College provides postemployment health insurance coverage to its retired employees and their survivors in accordance with provisions of the employment contract negotiated between the College and its employee groups. Substantially all of these employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the College. The College pays 100 percent of the cost of premiums to Suffolk County which provides health care insurance under a self-insured plan.

Net Position

Generally accepted accounting principles require the College to report its classification of net position into the following three categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced (as applicable) by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted** Net position whose use is subject to externally imposed conditions that can be fulfilled by the actions of the College or by the passage of time.
- **Unrestricted** All other categories of net position. Unrestricted net position may be designated by actions of the College's board of trustees.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses result from providing educational services. The College's principal sources of operating revenues are student tuition and federal, state, and local grants. The College receives commission income from the campus bookstores, cafeterias and vending machines from college and student related activities. Additionally, there is rental income from fees charged for the community use of various College buildings and facilities.

Student financial assistance funded by federal and state agencies for programs such as Pell, FSEOG, Federal Work Study and TAP is reported as an offset to tuition revenue.

Operating expenses include administrative and educational costs, as well as interest expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition including formula-based state aid and county appropriations are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Student Tuition

Student tuition is presented net of scholarships and allowances applied to students' accounts. Certain other scholarship amounts are paid directly to, or refunded to, the student and are generally reflected as expenses.

Appropriations

Government appropriations are reported on an accrual basis. Appropriations for capital projects are recorded when capital assets are purchased by the State or the County.

State and County Aid

Operating revenues received from the State University of New York are regulated by a financing formula contained in the State University regulations. Under the formula, the amount of basic state aid is limited to the lower of 40 percent of the College's net allowable operating costs or an established rate per full-time equivalent student (FTE) (\$2,735 for the year ended August 31, 2022) added to the College's State approved rental costs for physical space and high needs funding.

The County is responsible for financing the portion of the operating budget of the College that is in excess of State aid and student revenues.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided or reimbursements. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination up on consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefitting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers or are offset.

Pension Benefits

All eligible College employees participate in pension plans administered by New York State or other agencies. The County measures, recognizes and displays pension expense and related assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, note disclosures and required supplementary information in accordance with GASB standards. Pension cost is measured and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting. Annual pension cost is equal to the annual required contributions to the pension plan, calculated in accordance with certain parameters.

Income Taxes

The College is a political subdivision and as such is exempt from income taxes.

Budgetary Data

The College's budget, as with the County's other operating budgets, is legally enacted through the passage of a legislative resolution or by provisions in the Suffolk County Charter. Subsequent to the adoption of the budget by the Suffolk County Legislature (the Legislature), total expenditures within the College may not legally exceed the total budgeted amounts unless approved by the Legislature.

3. CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. While the College does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the College's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either:

- Uncollateralized,
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the College's name, or
- Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the College's name.

At August 31, 2022, the reported amount of the College's deposits was \$89,675,690 and the bank balance was \$89,001,915. Of the bank balance, \$1,079,182 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$87,922,733 was covered by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the College's name.

The College does not purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

With respect to the component units (Suffolk County Community College Foundation, Inc., and Suffolk County Community College Association, Inc.,) the risk categories for deposits and investments are the same as those stated above for the primary government. Each of these component units have their own investment policies and are not subject to state statutes.

4. GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Grants receivable are summarized as follows at August 31, 2022:

Federal aid receivable	\$ 2,424,780
Private grant receivable	46,234
Due from New York State	 1,020,215
	\$ 3,491,229

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets made available to the College at August 31, 2022:

	September 1, 2021 <u>Balance</u> (restated)	Additions	Retirements	August 31, 2022 <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,948,118	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,948,118
Construction in progress	3,832,333	12,378,973		16,211,306
Total non-depreciable cost	8,780,451	12,378,973	<u> </u>	21,159,424
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	316,119,744	1,022,074	(27,711)	317,114,107
Furniture and equipment	31,149,860	608,643	4,038	31,762,541
Infrastructure	22,736,878	345,207	<u> </u>	23,082,085
Total depreciable historical cost	370,006,482	1,975,924	(23,673)	371,958,733
Total investment in capital assets	378,786,933	14,354,897	(23,673)	393,118,157
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	130,918,248	7,288,504	-	138,206,752
Furniture and equipment	26,897,022	883,448	(207,384)	27,573,086
Infrastructure	8,240,655	997,951		9,238,606
Total accumulated depreciation	166,055,925	9,169,903	(207,384)	175,018,444
Total depreciable assets, net	212,731,008	5,184,994	183,711	218,099,713
Lease assets that are amortized:				
Building	8,860,652	-	-	8,860,652
Equipment	75,356	41,451		116,807
Total lease assets that are amortized	8,936,008	41,451		8,977,459
Less: Accumulated amortization:				
Building	-	1,873,574	-	1,873,574
Equipment		66,844		66,844
Total accumulated amortization		1,940,418		1,940,418
Total lease assets, net	8,936,008	(1,898,967)	<u> </u>	7,037,041
Capital assets, net	\$ 221,667,016	\$ 3,286,027	\$ 183,711	<u>\$225,136,754</u>

6. LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long term liabilities as of August 31, 2022:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	lssued	Redeemed	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Compensated absences	\$ 33,415,681	\$-	\$ 284,714 136.055	* \$ 33,130,967 *	\$ 3,313,097
Net pension liability ERS	136,055	-	,	-	-
Net pension liability TRS Total other post employment	-	3,094,628	* -	3,094,628	-
benefit obligations	668,753,640		164,413,212	504,340,428	<u> </u>
Total long term liabilities	\$702,305,376	\$ 3,094,628	\$164,833,981	\$540,566,023	\$ 3,313,097

* Amounts are recorded net as it is not practical to determine gross amounts.

7. LEASE AGREEMENTS

Lessee Agreements

The College leases various equipment and buildings. The leases contain various inception dates and remaining terms of 12-77 months and do not contain renewal options. Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

Description	Interest Rate / Discount Rate	Total Initial Lease Liability			
Toshiba Copiers	1.95%	\$	33,761		
Sayville UFSD Building	1.95%		1,018,121		
Culinary Arts Riverhead LLC	1.95%		5,055,188		
Cornell Cooperative Extension Association	1.95%		41,595		
Vanguard Modular Building Systems, LLC	1.95%		2,787,343		
		\$	8,936,008		

Activity of lease liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Beginn Balan	0			Ending	Due Within
(Restat	ed) I	ssued	Redeemed	Balance	<u>One Year</u>
\$ 8,93	6,008 \$	41,451	<u>\$ (1,951,273)</u>	\$ 7,026,186	\$ 1,912,831

7. LEASE AGREEMENTS (Continued)

Lessee Agreements (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long -term obligations and related interest are as follows:

At fiscal year end August 30,	Principal		Interest				Total
2023	\$	1,912,831	•	\$127,540	_	\$	2,040,371
2024		1,390,273		95,090			1,485,363
2025		1,443,782		67,736			1,511,518
2026		1,345,386		39,579			1,384,965
2027		933,914		18,375			952,289
Total	\$	7,026,186		\$348,320		\$	7,374,506

Lessor Agreements

The College leases 2 buildings at rates of 1.95% for a term of 22 to 59 months. Over the term of the leases, the College will receive \$1,555,092 related to the leases. During the year, the College recognized \$677,868 as lease revenue and \$877,224 as deferred inflows.

Activity of lease inflows for the year ended August 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Lease Revenue Building	\$ 677,868
Total Lease Revenue	 677,868
Interest revenue	 21,854
Variable & Other Revenue	\$ 699,722

Future minimum lease payments due to the College are as follows:

At fiscal year end August 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	554,615	\$	8,874	\$	563,489
2024		102,967		3,201		106,168
2025		108,207		1,146		109,353
Total	\$	765,789	\$	13,221	\$	779,010

8. PENSION PLANS

Retirement Benefits

There are three major retirement plans for College employees. The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS), the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS), and the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA/CREF). ERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public plan administered by the State Comptroller. TRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public plan separately administered by a nine-member board. TIAA/CREF is a multiple-employer, defined contribution plan administered by a separate board of trustees. Substantially all full-time employees participate in the plans.

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and related benefits, are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL) and Education Law. These plans offer a wide range of programs and benefits. ERS and TRS benefits are related to years of credited service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability benefits, and optional methods of benefit payments. TIAA/CREF is a College Optional Retirement Program (ORP) and offers benefits through annuity contracts.

ERS and TRS provide retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Benefits generally vest after five years of credited services. The NYSRSSL provides that all participants in ERS and TRS are jointly and severally liable for any actuarial unfunded amounts. The Systems are noncontributory for the employees who joined prior to July 27, 1976. For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary, except that employees in the Systems more throughout their active membership and those in NYSTRS contribute 3.5% throughout their active membership and those in NYSTRS contribute 3% to 6% of their salary until April 1, 2013 and then contribute 3.5% of their salary until April 1, 2013, and then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership and those in NYSTRS contribute 3.5% of their salary until April 1, 2013, and then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary until April 1, 2013, and then contribute 3% to 6% of their salary throughout their active membership.

TIAA/CREF provides benefits through annuity contracts and provides retirement and death benefits to those employees who elected to participate in the ORP. Benefits are determined by the amount of individual accumulations and the retirement income option selected. All benefits generally vest after the completion of one year of service if the employee is retained thereafter. TIAA/CREF is contributory for employees who joined after July 27, 1976 who contribute 2-3% of their salary. Employer contributions range from 8% to 15% depending upon when the employee was hired. Employee contributions are deducted from their salaries and remitted on a current basis to TIAA/CREF.

The College's total retirement-related payroll was \$94,902,202 for the year ended August 31, 2022.

		ERS		TRS	TIAA-CREF		
		(In Thousands)					
Employer Contr	ibutions						
2022	\$	4,394	\$	2,800	\$	4,849	
2021		5,943		2,560		4,722	
2020		5,676		2,596		4,983	

Employer contributions under each of the plans were as follows:

The employer contributions are equal to 100% of the required contributions under each of the respective plans.

New York State Employee Retirement System

The College participates in the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS) also referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the System). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system, providing retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once an employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable.

The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the College reported a liability (asset) of \$(9,992,582) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At August 31, 2022, the College's proportion was 0.122240%, which was a decrease from its proportion of 0.1366373% at August 31, 2021.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$686,098. At August 31, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 756,752 16,676,500	\$ 981,550 281,398 32,721,520
Changes in proportion and differences between the College's contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,985,341 1,850,093	1,557,613
	\$ 21,268,686	\$ 35,542,081

The College recognized \$1,850,093 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ended March 31:	
2023	\$ (2,382,660)
2024	(3,598,274)
2025	(8,512,134)
2026	(1,630,420)
2027	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ (16,123,488)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at March 31, 2022 was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to March 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.70%
Salary scale	4.4 percent indexed by service
Projected COLAs	1.4% compounded annually
Decrements	Developed from the Plan's 2020 experience study of the
	period April 1, 2015 through March 31, 2020
Mortality improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2020
Investment Rate of Return	5.9% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2021 used a long-term expected rate of return of 5.9%.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2022 are summarized below:

	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Type	in %	Rate of Return in %
Domestic Equity	32.0%	3.30%
International Equity	15.0%	5.85%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.50%
Real Estate	9.0%	5.00%
Opportunistic Portfolio	3.0%	4.10%
Credit	4.0%	3.78%
Real assets	3.0%	5.80%
Fixed Income	23.0%	0.00%
Cash	1.0%	-1.00%
	100.0%	

New York State Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially.

Based upon the assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9 percent, as well as what the College proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower (4.9%) or 1 percent higher (6.9%) than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease	Current Assumption	1	% Increase
	(4.9%)	(5.9%)		(6.9%)
Proportionate Share of Net				
Pension liability (asset)	\$ 25,720,798	\$ (9,992,582)	\$	(39,865,102)

New York State Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability for the plan as of March 31, 2022, were as follows:

	Pension Plan's	
	Fiduciary Net	
	Position	
Total pension liability	\$ 223,874,888,000	
Net position	232,049,473,000	
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (8,174,585,000)	
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	-103.65%	

New York State Teachers Retirement System

The College participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS). This is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system. The system offers a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

The New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers NYSTRS. The system provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395.

Pension Asset, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the College reported a liability (asset) of \$3,094,628 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was determined by the actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

New York State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the College recognized pension expense of \$3,981,337. At August 31, 2022 the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between the College's	\$	3,242,779 6,003,055 3,998,553	\$	62,011 1,246,604 -
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	478,922 466,639 14,189,948	\$	217,870 - 1,526,485

The College recognized \$466,639 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended August 31, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan's Year Ended June 30:

2023	\$ 2,360,626
2024	1,259,973
2025	(423,345)
2026	7,926,833
2027	1,042,386
Thereafter	30,351
	\$ 12,196,824

8. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New York State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension assets at the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset to June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Inflation Actuarial cost method Projected Salary Increases		differ based on service. alculated based upon recent NYSTRS e.
	<u>Service</u>	Rate
	5	5.18%
	15	3.64%
	25	2.50%

35

Projected COLAs

Investment Rate of Return

1.3% compounded annually6.95% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

1.95%

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on society of Actuaries Scale MP2021, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Type	in %	Rate of Return in %
Domestic Equity	33.0%	6.5%
International Equity	16.0%	7.2%
Global Equities	4.0%	6.9%
Real Estate Equities	11.0%	6.2%
Private Equities	8.0%	9.9%
Domestic fixed Income Securities	16.0%	1.1%
Global Bonds	2.0%	0.6%
Private Debt	2.0%	5.3%
Real Estate Debt	6.0%	2.4%
High-yield Bonds	1.0%	3.3%
Cash Equivalents	1.0%	-0.3%
	100.0%	

8. PENSION PLANS (Continued)

New York State Teachers Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.95 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from colleges will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the College's calculated using the discount rate of 6.95 percent, as well as what the College's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease	Current Assumption	1% Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
Proportionate Share of Net			
Pension liability (asset)	\$ 28,533,926	\$ 3,094,628	\$ (18,299,654)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension (asset) of the plan as June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Pension Plan's
	Fiduciary Net
	Position
Total pension liability	\$ 133,883,473,797
Net position	131,964,582,107
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,918,891,690
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	98.57%

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY

Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County, on behalf of the College, provides health insurance benefits for eligible retired College employees, their spouses, and some eligible dependents as part of the Suffolk County Employees Medical Health Insurance Plan. The plan offers comprehensive benefits through various plan providers consisting of hospital, medical, health, substance abuse and prescription drug programs. The County administers the plan and has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions offered. The County's plan is considered a single-employer defined benefit plan for financial reporting purposes. The plan is not a separate entity or trust and does not issue stand-alone financial statements. The College, as a participant in the plan, recognizes the cost of providing benefits by recording its share of insurance as billed monthly by the County.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The College funds the cost of providing health care insurance to its retirees and spouses on a pay as you go basis. The benefit terms are dependent on which bargaining unit or employment contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the College offices and are available upon request.

The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the College. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the College Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At August 31, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries

currently receiving benefits	835
Active employees	904
Total participants	1,739

Total OPEB Liability

The College's total OPEB Liability of \$504,340,428 was measured as of August 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. The changes in the OPEB liability are as follows:

Balance at August 31, 2021	<u>\$ 668,753,640</u>
Changes for the Year	
Service cost	26,219,435
Interest	12,911,781
Changes of benefit terms	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(190,322,428)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Experience Losses/(Gains)	-
Benefit payments	(13,222,000)
Net changes	(164,413,212)
Balance at August 31, 2022	\$ 504,340,428

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	1.50%
Discount Rate	1.95%
Extra Trend due to Technology and other factors	1.10%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2075

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The actuarial cost methods are based on the Entry Age Normal (EAN) cost method as required by GASB 75.

The EAN actuarial cost method requires a salary scale assumption, we used the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (June 30, 2021 valuation) salary scale assumption.

The discount rate used to determine the liabilities under GASB 75 is based on an index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. This rate was 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 and 3.91% as of August 31, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes on the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Discount	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>2.91%</u>	<u>3.91%</u>	<u>4.91%</u>
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 590,772,180</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 435,004,352

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes on the Healthcare Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the College, as well as what the College's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

				Healthcare		
-		1%		Current		1%
,	•	Decrease <u>3.00%</u>	۲	Discount <u>4.00%</u>	r	Increase <u>5.00%</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$	424,318,347	\$	504,340,428	\$	606,829,810

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the College recognized OPEB expense of \$42,663,131 at August 31, 2022, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>
Changes of assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 74,892,710 20,248,183	\$ 163,236,520 12,255,813
Total	\$ 95,140,893	<u>\$ 175,492,333</u>

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follow:

Balance at August 31, 2022

Fiscal Year Ending August	<u>Amount</u>
2023	\$ 3,531,915
2024	3,531,912
2025	(25,527,808)
2026	(30,167,056)
2027	(31,720,403)
Thereafter	-
	\$ (80,351,440)

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Suffolk County Community College is affiliated with two non-profit organizations, all of which serve to meet the needs of the College's students.

The Suffolk Community Foundation, Inc. (Foundation) is a non-profit entity which actively solicits donations for the purpose of making scholarships to eligible students or assisting the College with certain expenses.

The Suffolk Community College, Association Inc. (Association) is a non-profit entity which promotes and cultivates educational, social, cultural, and recreational activities among the students and, alumni of Suffolk County Community College.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The College is a defendant in several lawsuits, the outcome of which is not presently determinable. In the opinion of management, based on discussions with counsel, any significant adverse outcome of these cases should have no material adverse effect on the College's financial position.

A claim for damages was brought against the College for a serious physical injury which occurred in the College premises. Legal advice obtained indicates that the outcome will cause a significant liability to the College. The College is of the view that material losses will arise in respect to the legal claim at the date of these financial statements and has recognized an expense and accrued liability of \$5 million.

State and Federal Grant Programs and State Aid

The College participates in various State and Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representative. The audits of these programs are an on-going process, and many have not yet been conducted or completed. Accordingly, the College's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the College anticipates such amounts, if any, will not be material. The College's Federal compliance audit under Uniform Guidance is performed in conjunction with the audit of the Sponsor and is included in the Sponsor's report.

The College is subject to audits of State aid by New York State. The amount of aid previously paid to the College which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the College anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Rate Adjustment – Operating Chargebacks

The College is authorized by the New York State Education Law to charge and collect from each county within the State for each nonresident student an allocable portion of the operating costs of the College. The College calculates this change on a yearly basis and bills the respective counties at this rate. This rate is adjusted by the State on a two-year lag period.

Risk Management

The College, through the County, is insured for property damage and bodily injury arising from the maintenance or use of the College owned property, general liability matters, workers' compensation and for medical malpractice liability. In addition, effective January 1, 1992, the College, through the County, became insured for hospitalization, major medical and prescription drugs for all College active employees and retirees.

The County established a risk management program in 1975 to account for and finance insured risks of loss. All funds of the County, including the College, participate in the risk management program. Additionally, the College operates a dedicated risk mitigation office to manage liability exposures and maintain appropriate levels of insurance coverage. Current risk retention, the College maintains self-insurance funds of up to \$1 million for Property losses and up to \$6 million for Casualty losses. Acquired through its contracted agents, the College also has in force various lines of commercial insurance, including but not limited to, Directors & Officers, Professional Liability, Cyber Risk & Data Breach, Inland Marine, and other policies. In accordance with its statutory requirements, the County of Suffolk, as the College's municipal sponsor, provides our institution with access to a multi-layered Excess Liability plan. This coverage affords a per incident limit of \$60,000,000 for Property losses and \$400,000,000 for Casualty losses, beyond the respective self-insured retentions of \$1 million and \$6 million.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

New York State Education Law requires that the County of Suffolk provide the legal defense and indemnification of the College's employees, administrators, and staff in the event of any litigation related to the performance of their job duties.

The College's current year claims settlements, insurance department cost premiums to insurance companies, and medical and hospital claims are funded by the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The County allocates a portion of its self-insurance cost to the College based upon historical trends and other actuarial data. The College's allocation for its' insurance plan for general liability and workers' compensation for the year ended August 31, 2022 was \$2,617,726 and are recorded on the statement revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position.

12. DISTRIBUTION OF NET ALLOWABLE EXPENSES

The College qualifies as a full opportunity college with the State University of New York. The cost of operations is principally funded by the State of New York, the County and the College's students. The percentage of allowable expenses reimbursed by the State of New York is a maximum of forty percent (40%) based upon the current State of New York formula.

In the event actual student tuition income exceeds one-third of certain net operating expenses, any excess revenues generated from the students in that year must be used to fund the students' one-third share in subsequent years if the sponsoring County does not meet maintenance of effort requirements by contributing an amount equal to that of the prior year.

13. CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

The College has determined that certain transactions related to federal revenue were recorded incorrectly in a prior year. The beginning net position has been restated as a result of the transaction. The effect of this error was an overstatement of federal revenue and prior year change in net position, and an understatement of unearned revenue.

Balance at August 31, 2021, as previously reported: \$ (328,318,187)

Adjustments: Unearned Revenue	(2,588,952)
Net position at September 1, 2021, as restated	<u>\$ (330,907,139</u>)

14. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended August 31, 2022, the College implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset. A lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. These changes were incorporated in the College's financial statements and had no effect on the beginning net position, as the net book value of the leased asset equaled the amount of the lease liability and the lease receivable equaled the deferred inflow of resources for leases.

Balance at August 31, 2021, as previously reported:	\$ (328,318,187)
Adjustments:	
Lease receivable	1,555,092
Deferred inflows	(1,555,092)
Net book value of right-to-use lease asset	8,936,008
Lease liability	(8,936,008)
Net position at September 1, 2021, as restated	\$ (328,318,187)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Last Ten Fiscal Years * 2022	Last Ten Fiscal Years * 2021	Last Ten Fiscal Years * 2020	Last Ten Fiscal Years * 2019	Last Ten Fiscal Years * 2018
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 26,219,435	\$ 24,865,228	\$ 23,101,842	\$ 14,339,308	\$ 14,815,292
Interest	12,911,781	14,600,054	15,078,306	13,686,838	12,696,696
Changes in assumptions	(190,322,428)	27,703,828	27,835,475	127,517,263	(16,220,737)
Experience Losses/(Gains)	-	(18,383,719)	-	60,744,555	-
Benefit payments	(13,222,000)	(13,287,000)	(12,160,000)	(12,885,000)	(13,086,000)
Total change in total OPEB liability	(164,413,212)	35,498,391	53,855,623	203,402,964	(1,794,749)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	668,753,640	633,255,249	579,399,626	375,996,662	377,791,411
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 504,340,428	<u>\$ 668,753,640</u>	\$ 633,255,249	\$ 579,399,626	\$ 375,996,662
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 87,052,854	\$ 87,439,357	\$ 90,950,355	\$ 90,972,364	\$ 97,762,249
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	579.3%	764.8%	696.3%	636.9%	384.6%

Notes to schedule:

Notes to schedule:

 Changes of assumptions.
 Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following reflects the discount rate used each period:

 Discount rate
 3.91%
 1.95%
 2.33%
 2.63%
 3.69%

The actuarial cost method has been updated from Projected Unit Credit to Entry Age Normal, which caused a decrease in liabilities.

Plan Assets. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits:

- Contributions from the employer and any nonemployer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
- Plan assets must be dedicated to providing OPEB to Plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.

- Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, nonemployer contributing entities, the Plan administrator, and Plan members.

* This Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as the information becomes available.

SUFFOLK COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Last 10 Fiscal Years (Dollar amounts displayed in thousands)									
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.122240%			0.139272%	0.146860%	0.141864%	0.139906%	0.137814%		ion for the
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) Covered-employee payroll	\$ (9,992.58 \$ 33,034.9		\$ 37,466.12 \$ 34,823.0	\$ 9,867.84 \$ 35,191.3	\$ 4,739.83 \$ 36,231.9	\$ 13,329.84 \$ 38,381.0	\$ 22,455.28 \$ 37,782.9	\$ 4,655.70 \$ 33,891.0		prior to
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)									implementa	tion of GASB
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-30.25%			28.04%	13.08%	34.73%	59.43%	13.74%	68 is unavail	lable and will
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%	be complet	ted for each
									year going	forward as
									they becom	ne available.
				Last 10 F	iscal Years (Dollar	amounts displayed i	n thousands)			
NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.1612720%	0.1582810%	0.1726010%	0.1734610%	0.1758630%	0.1742530%	0.1758000%	0.1758000%	Informat	ion for the
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,094.63			\$ (4,506.53)	\$ (3,180.07)	\$ (1,324.50)	\$ 1,878.73	\$ (18,260.06)	periods	s prior to
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 28,569.7	\$ 26,865.4	\$ 29,295.9	\$ 28,953.5	\$ 28,646.2	\$ 27,613.3	\$ 26,407.6	\$ 26,407.6	implementa	ation of GASB
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	10.83%	-102.10%	16.28%	-15.56%	-11.10%	-4.80%	7.11%	-69.15%	68 is unavai	lable and will
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.50%	be comple	ted for each
									year going	g forward as

they become available.

SUFFOLK COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

				Last 10 F	iscal Y	'ears (Dollar a	amoun	ts displayed ir	n thou:	sands)			
NEW YORK STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 4,394.3 4,394.3 -	\$ 5,943.4 5,943.4 -	\$ 5,676.1 5,676.1 -	\$ 5,805.8 5,805.8 -	\$	5,902.0 5,902.0 -	\$	5,692.8 5,692.8 -	\$	5,572.2 5,572.2 -	\$ 6,653.0 6,653.0 -	prior to impl	for the periods ementation of
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 33,034.9 13.30%	\$ 36,971.3 16.08%	\$ 34,823.0 16.30%	\$ 35,191.3 16.50%	\$	36,231.9 16.29%	\$	36,231.9 15.71%	\$	38,381.0 14.52%	\$ 37,782.9 17.61%	will be comp year going fo	navailable and leted for each orward as they available.
				Last 10 F	iscal Y	'ears (Dollar a	amoun	ts displayed ir	n thou:	sands)			
NEW YORK STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PLAN	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019		2018		2017		2016	 2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 2,799.8 2,799.8	\$ 2,560.3 2,560.3	\$ 2,595.6 2,595.6	\$ 3,074.9 3,074.9	\$	2,808.1 2,808.1	\$	3,236.3 3,236.3	\$	3,589.2 3,589.2	\$ 4,157.0 4,157.0		for the periods ementation of

prior to implementation of

GASB 68 is unavailable and will be completed for each

year going forward as they become available.

Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	 2,799.8	 2,560.3	 2,595.6	 3,074.9	_	2,808.1	 3,236.3	_	3,589.2	_	4,157.0
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 28,569.7 9.80%	\$ 26,865.4 9.53%	\$ 29,295.9 8.86%	\$ 28,953.5 10.62%	\$	28,646.2 9.80%	\$ 28,646.2 11.30%	\$	27,613.3 13.00%	\$	26,407.6 15.74%

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OTHER INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND OTHER CHANGES BY FUND (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Plant Fund	Total
EDUCATION & GENERAL				
Tuition	\$ 74,790,222	\$-	\$ -	\$ 74,790,222
Fees	9,964,663	-	-	9,964,663
Governmental appropriations:				
County of Suffolk	46,669,372	-	-	46,669,372
State of New York	50,194,484	-	-	50,194,484
Federal grants and contracts	14,374,137	52,084,457	-	66,458,594
State and local grants and contracts	230,871	12,606,558	13,465,558	26,302,987
Private gifts, grants and contracts	-	726,638	-	726,638
Investment income	139,647	-	-	139,647
Commission income	581,639	-	-	581,639
Rental income	1,556,480	-	-	1,556,480
Other	6,824,548			6,824,548
Total Revenues	205,326,063	65,417,653	13,465,558	284,209,274
EXPENSES				
Instruction	99,476,951	4,070,376	-	103,547,327
Academic support	20,960,447	520,042	-	21,480,489
Student services	27,032,651	1,096,573	-	28,129,224
Plant maintenance and operations	40,583,400	1,021,734	-	41,605,134
General administration	17,910,674	-	-	17,910,674
Institutional support	21,085,662	926,919	-	22,012,581
Scholarships and fellowships	-	57,782,009	-	57,782,009
Interest on indebtedness	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	586,245	586,245
Depreciation/Amortization	11,110,321			11,110,321
Total expenditures and other deductions	238,160,105	65,417,653	586,245	304,164,003
Net (decrease) increase for the year	<u>\$ (32,834,042)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,879,313</u>	<u>\$ (19,954,729</u>)

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE

(A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES AS REFLECTED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT TO THE AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Revenues	Expenses	
Unrestricted current funds (per annual report) Restricted current funds (per annual report)	\$ 205,326,063 65,417,653	\$ 202,776,655 65,417,653	
Plant Fund	13,465,558	586,245	
Totals (all funds)	284,209,274	268,780,553	
Adjustments to reconcile to financial statements: Scholarship allowances Federal direct loans disclosed in the annual report	(31,674,557)	(31,674,557)	
not recognized under GAAP GASB 75 OPEB costs not recognized	(8,223,893)	(8,223,893)	
in the annual report GASB 68/71 pension costs not recognized	-	29,441,131	
in the annual report GASB 87 Lease revenue not recognized	-	(5,168,002)	
in the annual report GASB 87 Lease principal expenditures not capitalized	(132,045)	-	
in the annual report Adjustments made after submitting annual report:	-	(1,951,273)	
Depreciation/Amortization expense Other	- 2,371,322	11,110,321 (332,041)	
Oulei	2,371,322	(552,041)	
Adjusted totals	\$ 246,550,101	<u>\$ 261,982,239</u>	
Per audited financial statements:			
Operating revenue / expenses Nonoperating revenue / expenses	\$ 86,531,450 152,841,203	\$ 261,982,239	
Other revenue / expenses	7,177,448	-	
	i		
Totals per financial statements	<u>\$ 246,550,101</u>	<u>\$ 261,982,239</u>	
	Annual Report	Unrestricted Current Fund	Reconciled Difference
2022 Total unrestricted expenses Less:	\$ 202,776,655	\$ 238,160,105	\$ (35,383,450)
2022 Total revenues - offset to expense plus costs not allowable for state-aid	30,004,022	30,004,022	
2022 net operating costs	\$ 232,780,677	\$ 268,164,127	<u>\$ (35,383,450)</u>
Description of reconciled differences 1) Other post employment benefits obligations 2) GASB 68/71 pension costs 3) GASB 87 Leases 4) Depreciation/Amortization 4) Other costs			\$ (29,441,131) 5,168,002 2,083,318 (11,110,321) (2,083,318) \$ (35,383,450)
	Reported		
Net Position / Fund Balance Reconciliation:	<u>Amounts</u>		

Net Position / Fund Balance Reconciliation:		Amounts
Current Unrestricted Fund Balance *	\$	43,984,887
GASB 75 Liability (per financial statement)		(504,340,428)
Deferred outflow of resources - OPEB		95,140,893
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		(175,492,333)
Accrued Compensated Absences		(33,130,967)
Net pension liability		(3,094,628)
Net pension asset		9,992,582
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions		35,458,634
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(37,068,566)
Lease receivable		765,789
Lease liability		(7,026,186)
Deferred inflow of resources - leases		(877,224)
Other	_	11,090,286
Unrestricted Net Position (per financial statements)	\$	(564,597,261)

* Line 113 (column C) of annual report

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF STATE OPERATING AID (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Total Operating Costs	\$ 202,776,655		
Total Revenue - Offset to Expense	30,004,022		
Costs Not Allowable for State Aid			
Net Operating Costs	\$ 172,772,633	@	40% = <u>\$ 69,109,053</u>
Rental Costs - Physical Space	\$ 1,407,519		\$ 632,400

Funded FTE Students - Basic Aid		t FTE <u>wable</u>				
2018-2019 Actual 2019-2020 Actual 2020-2021 Actual 2021-2022 Calculated FTE (20-30-50% Rule) 2021-2022 Funded FTE (Greater of 20-30-50% Rule or Prior Year Actual)		17,327.9 x 16,614.2 x 14366.1 x	0.30	= = =	3,465.6 4,984.3 7,183.1 15,632.9 15,633.0	
Funded FTE Students - Basic Aid	15,633.0	@ \$	2,997.00) * =	46,852,101	(a)
Funded FTE 98% of Preliminary Approved 2020-202	21 FTE Budget			<u>\$</u>	49,562,084	(b)
Funded FTE (Greater of (a) or (b)				\$	49,562,084	
Basic Aid				\$	50,194,484	

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF STATE-AIDABLE FTE TUITION RECONCILIATION (UNAUDITED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Calculated tuition based on State-aidable FTE per Annual Report:

	Headcount Credit Hours and FTE	Rate	Equated <u>Tuition</u>
<u>Full-time Student Headcount</u> Fall 2021 full-time students per Form 05 Winter 2022 full-time students per Form 05	9,345.00	\$ 2,735 2,735	\$ 25,558,575
Spring 2022 full-time students per Form 1C Summer 2022 full-time students per Form 1C	7,191.00 133.00	2,735 2,735 2,735	19,667,385 363,755
Total full-time headcount	16,669.00		
Total credit hours of full-time students	228,293.00		
Part-time Student Credit Hours Fall 2021 part-time credits per Form 05 Winter 2022 part-time credits per Form 1C Spring 2022 part-time credits per Form 1C Summer 2022 part-time credits per Form 1C Fall 2021 State-aidable learning center activity per Form 24 Spring 2022 State-aidable learning center activity per Form 24 Learning centers	70,459.00 4,561.00 45,336.00 20,272.00 11,799.00 4,422.00 332.00	228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228	16,064,652 1,039,908 10,336,608 4,622,016 2,690,172 1,008,216 75,696
Total part-time credit hours	157,181.00		
Total credit hours	385,474.00		
Total state-aidable FTE	12,849.13		
Total calculated tuition based headcount and credit hours			\$ 81,426,983
Reconciliation to Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements:			
Less: Bad debt allowance charged to tuition Difference in tuition for discounted classes Calculated Stat-aidable non-credit remedial tuition Learning centers - credits generated - no tuition charged HEERF account balance discharge Other - Miscellaneous			 (1,525,832) (2,152,377) (1,479,355) (2,565,912) - 15,380
Tuition revenue reported on annual report (lines 205-207)			73,718,887
Add: Charges to non-resident students Out-of-state resident tuition Service fees Service fees (Technology Fee) Student revenue - non state aidable courses			467,693 603,747 6,025,247 3,601,040 338,376
Less: Scholarship allowance Other - Miscellaneous			 (31,674,557) 1,498,291
Tuition and fee revenue per audited financial statements			\$ 54,578,724

REQUIRED REPORTS UNDER UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

March 16, 2023

To the Board of Trustees of Suffolk County Community College:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component units of Suffolk County Community College (College) (a discretely presented component unit of Suffolk County, New York), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency is a deficiency*, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (Continued)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

March 16, 2023

To the Board of Trustees Suffolk County Community College:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Suffolk County Community College's (College) (a discretely presented component unit of Suffolk County, New York) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the College's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The College's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the College complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the College and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the College's federal programs.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the College's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the College's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the College's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the College's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control* over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

(Continued)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UNIFORM GUIDANCE (Continued)

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

SUFFOLK COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	Federal		
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through	Assistance Listing	Contract	
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
<u>U.S. Department of Education</u> Student Financial Aid Cluster - Federal Supplemental Educational			
Opportunity Grants Federal Work-Study Program	84.007 84.033	N/A N/A	\$ 687,542 121,855
Federal Pell Grant Program Federal Direct Student Loans	84.063 84.268	N/A N/A	19,419,476 6,801,022
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster			27,029,895
TRIO Student Support Services Cluster	84.042	N/A	302,891
Childcare Access Means Parents in School (CCAMPIS) Project Childcare Access Means Parents in School (CCAMPIS) Project	84.335 84.335	GW07-GW0721 GW07-GW0722	18,877 110,900
Total Childcare Access Means Parents in School (CCAMPIS) Project			129,777
COVID-19 Higher Educational Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Student aid Portion COVID-19 Higher Educational Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) - Institutional Portion	84.425E 84.425F	N/A N/A	19,037,897 14,683,558
Passed through State University of New York SUNY Stay Near Go Far	84.425G	GT78-GT7822	2 101
	04.4200	G170-G17022	3,191
Total COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund Passed through New York State Department of Education			33,724,646
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048 84.048	GC02-GC0222 GC02-GC0223	883,633 11,095
Total Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States			894,728
Total U.S. Department of Education			62,081,937
Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster			
Passed through New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	GC88-GC8817	21,800
Total Clean Water State Revolving Fund Cluster			21,800
National Endowment for the Humanities			
National Science Foundation			
Direct Program Education and Human Resources Grants			
S-STEM III: Sci, Tech, Engineering & Math Scholarships	47.076	GC43-GC4317	12,500
Collaborative Research: An AGEP Alliance Advanced Technology Program (ATE) - Electronics & Engineering Tech Train	47.076 47.076	GC94-GC9419 GA47-GA4721	63,251 56,400
Passed through State University of New York LSAMP	47.076	1619619	6,629
Passed through Long Island University Long Island Mathematics and Teacher Education Scholarship Program	47.076	1750202	38.464
Passed through Colin County Community College	47.076	1758383	30,404
ATE IT Skill Standards 2020 and Beyond (ITSS)	47.076	1838535	31,385
Total Education and Human Resources			208,629
Total National Science Foundation - Research and Development Cluster			208,629
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through New York State Department of Labor			
H-1B Job Training Grants	17.268	GW11-GW1121	1,551
Total U.S. Department of Labor			1,551
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services National Institutes of Health			
Passed through the State University of New York at Stony Brook	02.050	0070 007004	0.700
Biomedical Research and Research Training Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859 93.859	GC76-GC7621 GC10-GC1019	8,723 1,145
Biomedical Research and Research Training Biomedical Research and Research Training	93.859 94.859	GC10-GC1020 GC10-GC1021	1,727 25,786
Total Biomedical Research and Research Training	04.000	0010 001021	37,381
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			37,381
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			
			<u>\$ 62,351,298</u>

Suffolk County Community College (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AUGUST 31, 2022

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Suffolk County Community College (College), under programs of the federal government for the year ended August 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 *U.S.* Code of Federal Regulations part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the College, and it is not intended to and does not present the financial position of the respective changes in the financial position of the business-type activities of the College.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and the amounts presented are derived from the College's general ledger.

3. PASS-THROUGH PROGRAMS

Where the College receives funds from a government entity other than the federal government (pass-through), the funds are accumulated based upon the Assistance Listing number advised by the pass-through grantor.

Identifying numbers, other than Assistance Listing numbers, which may be assigned bypassthrough grantors are not maintained in the College's financial management system. The College has identified certain pass-through identifying numbers and included them in the schedule of federal awards, as available.

4. INDIRECT COSTS

Indirect costs are included in the reported expenditures to the extent they are included in the financial reports used as the source for the expenditures presented.

The College did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

5. MATCHING COSTS

Matching costs, i.e., the College's share of certain program costs, are not included in the reported expenditures.

6. STUDENT LOANS

The College also participates in the Guaranteed Student Loan program, Assistance Listing number 84.268, which offers low-interest loans to students and parents. The College is partly responsible for administering the loan program. During the fiscal year 2021-2022, total loans under this program amounted to \$6,801,022 including supplemental loans to students.

Suffolk County Community College (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Section I—Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statem Present in accordance with GAAP:	nents Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
<u>Assistance Listing Number(s)</u> 84.425	Name of Federal Program or Cluster COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 1,870,539
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	_ <u>X_</u> yesno

Suffolk County Community College (A Discretely Presented Component Unit of the County of Suffolk, New York)

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022 (Continued)

Section II—Financial Statement Findings

There were no instances of significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, or noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Section III—Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None